

Учитель: Ядыкина Н.В.

Дата 30.01.2023

Тема урока: «Что мы знаем о Великобритании?»

Форма урока: урок-путешествие

Класс:11

Тема урока: «Великобритания»

Тип урока: урок обобщения и систематизации предметных знаний



Цель занятия:

Образовательная:

- ознакомить обучающихся с общими сведениями о Великобритании, закрепить использование изученной лексики в речи

Развивающая: развивать навыки сотрудничества.

Воспитательная: формировать уважение к стране, изучаемого языка

Планируемые результаты:

Личностные: воспитывать интернационализм, умение работать в группе.

Метапредметные: развивать навыки аудирования, чтения, устной речи; содействовать развитию у обучающихся мыслительных процессов (обобщение информации, рассуждение, действие по образцу).

Предметные: способствовать осмыслению социокультурных особенностей страны изучаемого языка, совершенствовать методику проведения занятия обобщения и систематизации знаний с помощью форм и методов интерактивных технологий и использованием мультимедийных презентаций обучающихся

Формы и методы проведения: проблемно-поисковый, репродуктивный методы, работа в парах, группах.

Межпредметные связи: география, литература, страноведение.

Методическое обеспечение занятия:

- 1) Наглядные пособия: презентации обучающихся, видеофрагмент «London Vacation Travel Guide», раздаточный материал.

Оборудование: компьютер, мультимедийная система

Интернет-ресурсы:



London Vacation Travel Guide _ Expedia(1).mp4



Гимн Великобритании - God Save the Queen (Боже, храни королеву) [Русский перевод].mp4

ХОД УРОКА

1. Вступительная часть

1.1. Организационная часть

Приветствие и проверка присутствующих на занятии

1.2. Ознакомление обучающихся с темой занятия

I'm glad to see you today. I'm happy to work with you, our topic is very interesting and exciting, because we are going to take a trip to one of the most beautiful countries of Europe. I want you to be positive, I want you to be in a high spirit today, I hope you'll get bright impressions about our meeting. I'll do my best to make our lesson memorable and interesting. Of course, I need your help to do our lesson more productive and useful. Today I want to find out how smart you are, how many interesting facts about Great Britain you know and how cooperative you can be.

1.3. Актуализация опорных знаний

Фонетическая зарядка.

Teacher: Let's start our lesson from Mind –Map. Tell me please: What do you associate with the word “country”?

Country

T: Every country has its own anthem. Now we'll listen to the British anthem “God Save the Queen”, a national patriotic song which is used for important events in Great Britain.

1) Просмотр видеозаписи гимна Великобритании “God Save the Queen”.

1. God save our gracious Queen,

Long live our noble Queen,

God save the Queen:

Send her victorious,

Happy and glorious,

Long to reign over us:

God save the Queen.

2. Lord, our God, arise,

Scatter her enemies,

And make them fall.

Confound their politics,

Frustrate their knavish tricks,

On Thee our hopes we fix,

God save us all.

3. Thy choicest gifts in store,

On her be pleased to pour;

Long may she reign:

May she defend our laws,

And ever give us cause

To sing with heart and voice

God save the Queen.

2) T: At first let's translate some words from the first stanza.

Gracious – милосердный, великодушный

Noble – превосходный, величественный

Victorious – победоносный

Glorious – великолепный, восхитительный

To reign (over) – царствовать, господствовать.

T: You see that the anthem shows us the main features of the British people: their pride for centuries-old history of monarchy, pride and admiration of their Queen, pride for their country.

1.4 Мотивация учебной деятельности

2. Основная часть

2.1 Проверка домашнего задания. Презентация докладов о Великобритании с использованием мультимедиа.

T: Now it's time to listen to you. You had to prepare reports to the topic "The Geographical position of GB", "Sights of GB" and "Famous People of GB".

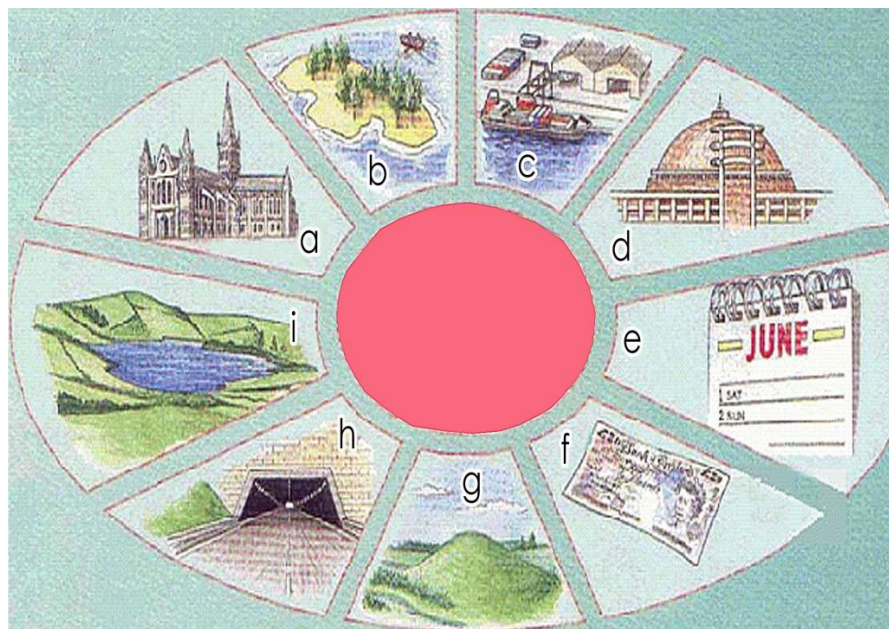
2.2 Упражнение «Микрофон».

T: Imagine we are on the conference. Be ready to answer my questions about the United Kingdom.

1. What is the official name of the country? (The official name of the country is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland).
2. How many countries does the UK consist of? Name them.
(The UK consists of four countries. They are Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland.)
3. Where is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland situated? (It is situated on the British Isles.)
4. How many islands does the UK consist of? What is the largest island of the country?
(The UK consists of more than 5000 islands of different sizes. GB is the largest island).
5. What is the official language of the country? (English is the official language of the country).
6. What seas and oceans is the UK washed by? (The UK is washed by the Atlantic Ocean, the North Sea and the Irish Sea. The English channel separates Great Britain from the continent.)
7. What is the climate of Great Britain like? (The climate of GB is rather cool and changeable but it often rains).
8. What is the national flag of the UK? (The national flag of the UK is called the Union Jack).
9. What is the capital of the UK? (The capital of the UK is London).
10. What are the capitals of Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland?
(The capitals of these parts are Edinburgh, Cardiff, London and Belfast).

2.3. Просмотр видеофрагмента «London Vacation Travel Guide».

- pre-listening activity
Match the words to the pictures.



1. a temple; 2. an island; 3. a port; 4. a cathedral; 5. a banknote; 6. a tunnel;
7. a calendar; 8. a hill; 9. a lake.

➤ Обучающиеся выполняют задания:

Try to complete the sentences with numbers from the box.

9	75	24	2	10
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- Over..... % of the land in Britain is farmland.
- Only..... % of the working population are farmers.
- Britain has..... national parks.
- National parks cover.....% of Britain.
- Over..... million foreign tourists come to Britain every year.

➤ Watch the sequence and tick (✓) the true sentences.

- The Giant's Causeway is in Northern Ireland.
- Tourists visit Stonehenge.
- The Snowdon National Park is in Northern Ireland.
- 50% of people in Wales speak Welsh.
- Britain has over 800 islands.



➤ Role play.

T: Imagine that you are on a guided tour visiting the places we have spoken about. One of you is a tour guide and others are tourists. First you need to do some preparation.

- T: Now we'll repeat the types of questions. A tour guide prepares his/her speech. Tourists prepare their questions in a group.

Tour of London. Role play

You are a tour guide. Instructions: Prepare your speech and then give a guided tour. Be prepared to answer the tourists' questions!

Good morning/afternoon everyone! Welcome to this tour of ____ (place) by ____ (transport). My name's ____ . I'm your guide on our tour of ____ . Any questions?

The tour will take ____ hours.

First we'll see ____ .

Then we'll see ____ Next we'll ____ .

After that ____ . Finally we'll ____ .

You are a tourist. Instructions: Prepare some questions to ask your tour guide.
 Asks lots of questions because you want to practice your English!
 What places will we visit today?
 How long does the tour last?
 How much is the tour?
 Where does the tour depart from?
 Will we visit _____?
 Where can I buy a _____?

T: We continue to play. If you want to travel abroad you need to do some things. At first you need to book the flight and book the hotel. Let's dramatize some dialogues.

In the tour agency

Agent: Good morning. Dreams Travel.

Billy: Oh, hello. Do you sell airline tickets to Great Britain?

Agent: Yes.

Billy: Right. I'd like four tickets from Moscow to London.

Agent: And when do you want to go?

Billy: I'd like to go on Friday the fifth of next month.

Agent: Return or one-way?

Billy: I'd like return tickets, please. We want to come back one month later.

Agent: Ok. I'll just check on the computer. Ok, do you want economy or business class?

Billy: Oh, business class is very expensive. I prefer economy. How much is that?

Agent: Let me see. It's 700 pounds for one person.

Billy: What time does the flight leave London?

Agent: At ten thirty in the morning.

Billy: Is it a direct flight?

Agent: No, there's a short stop in Berlin.

Billy: Fine. I'd like four tickets then, please.

Hotel reservation

Receptionist: Hello. Hotel Europe. Can I help you?

Woman: Yes, I'd like to book a room, please.

Receptionist: Ok. For how many nights?

Woman: For two nights?

Receptionist: Which dates, please.

Woman: For the 15th and 16th of December, please.

Receptionist: Ok, that's fine. Would you like a single or a double room?

Woman: Do you have twin rooms?

Receptionist: Yes, we do.

Woman: I'd like to book a twin room then. How much is that, please?

Receptionist: That's 120 euros a night. Can I take your name and your credit card details first, please?

In a hotel

Receptionist: Can I help you, miss?

Woman: Yes, I asked for a twin room.

Receptionist: Yes, miss.

Woman: Well, you've given me a double room.

Receptionist: Oh, I'm sorry, miss.

Woman: Can we have a twin room, please?

Receptionist: I'll just have a look ... yes, we have one on the second floor.

* * *

Receptionist: Can I help you?

Man: Yes, I asked for tea with my breakfast.

Receptionist: Yes?

Man: And you've given me coffee.

Receptionist: I'm sorry, sir. I'll call the kitchen and get you some tea.

Man: Ok. Thank you.

* * *

Receptionist: Yes, sir. Can I help you?

Man: Yes, I booked golf for this morning.

Receptionist: Yes, sir?

Man: The golf club has just told me that there isn't a booking for me.

Receptionist: Oh, that's strange. I'm sure the golf club can fit you in later. I'll call them and sort it out for you.

2.4. Заполнение таблицы «Таблица Знаем – Хотим узнать – Узнаем» (3-Х-У)

Что мне известно по данной теме?	Что нового я узнал из урока?
London is the capital of Great Britain	The UK is not a party to the Schengen agreement.
Great Britain is a parliamentary monarchy.	The UK has left-hand traffic.
The largest river in the UK is the Severn.	The roads are free, except for a few major bridges, tunnels and the M6 toll motorway.
The UK has a temperate maritime climate, softened by the warm Gulf Stream.	Once the territory of the country was covered with forests. Now they occupy only 10% of the area.
In 1993, the United Kingdom joined the European Union.	55% of the UK territory is occupied by agricultural land (mainly pastures).
In 2017, as a result of a referendum, the United Kingdom announced its withdrawal from the EU.	In 1997, Great Britain lost its last colony, Hong Kong.

3. Заключительная часть

3.1. Подведение итогов занятия

Оценивание обучающихся

3.2. Рефлексия

Thank you for such an interesting and exciting lesson. It was really great. I am very glad that you are interested in English.

- Let's do the usual task, answer these questions:
- Today we spoke about ...
- It was interesting to know ...
- It was difficult ...
- Now I know...
- I will try ...
- I want ...
- I am ... (good, bad, so-so, ok)

3.3. Домашнее задание

Teacher: You are wonderful today. It's a good job. You were active and smart. I think this lesson will be memorable and you'll get only positive impressions

Приложение

Transcript for «London Vacation Travel Guide»

London is situated in the South-East of England in the Thames Valley. Home to over 8 million people, the capital of the UK has been an important financial, educational and cultural center for hundreds of years. Of the many gifts England has given to the world, none has been greater than her language and literature. And if ever there's a city that reads like an epic saga, it's London. The story of London began in the Bronze Age, but it didn't really get going until the Romans withdrew in the 5th century. Growing into one of the great medieval trading cities, she truly came of age in the 11th century, when William the Conqueror built the Tower of London, which was to become one of England's grimmest prisons. is very easy to navigate around, and is compact enough to explore on foot. This world city is filled with iconic symbols, and one of the most easily recognizable is Tower Bridge, an impressive reminder of London's rapid expansion during the industrial revolution. Just upriver, at the Houses of Parliament, Big Ben's reassuring chimes peal across the city every hour, on the hour. Buckingham Palace, perhaps the most famous palace in the world, is the official residence of Queen Elizabeth. It's a popular London attraction, offering tours of staterooms and gardens. Nearby, Kensington Palace is open to the public year-round. The palace and gardens will be remembered as the home of Princess Di and Prince Charles, and have recently undergone a multimillion-pound refurbishment. Another legacy of England's monarchy are the Royal Parks of London. They were once reserved as private hunting grounds for the royal family, but nowadays they're open for everyone to enjoy. There are eight Royal Parks, and many of them are in central London, and close to royal palaces and other historic monuments. Green Park and St. James's Park are right next to Buckingham Palace, Admiralty Arch and The Mall. Hyde Park is perhaps the most famous with its man-

made lake, The Serpentine, and on the other side, Kensington Gardens is a beautiful open expanse that east towards Kensington Palace. The Albert Memorial is at the southern end of Kensington Gardens, and the striking bronze statue looks towards the Royal Albert Hall just across the road. The hall is yet another reminder of Queen Victoria's great love for her husband, Prince Albert. Many of London's greatest stories have begun in her houses of worship, and none is so impressive and important as Westminster Abbey. This is where kings and queens have been crowned, married and even buried. London was rebuilt after The Great Fire in 1666, and St. Paul's Cathedral is the most enduring monument to the city's transformation. It's a great testament to British strength and resilience. The West End in central London is a story in itself. Here the streets are lined with ancient buildings, but the throngs of people are out to have fun. By day, the charming boutiques and cafés hum with shoppers, and by night the bars along Carnaby Street are packed with patrons enjoying pre-show drinks. This is one of the largest theater districts in the world. And at times it can feel like you're on a Monopoly board, with Coventry Street, Trafalgar Square and Piccadilly Circus all close by. Moving away from the historic center, London's trendy suburbs offer a different kind of story. The Portobello Road Markets in Notting Hill attract thousands of visitors, especially to the antiques markets that's held on Saturdays, while the edgier Camden Town features six popular markets that are open every day of the week, and operate along her streets, the canal, and in her historic stables. London is a city that honors not only her own story, but also the story of humankind. The British Museum is one of the finest in the world, and her treasures cover thousands of years of history and number in the millions. The museum is open every day, and best of all, it's free. From the ancient to the modern, The London Eye offers a complete change of pace and perspective. The massive wheel is over 400 feet high, and takes 30 minutes to complete one rotation. From here you can see the London of old, as well as some of the city's newest additions, all in air-conditioned comfort. London will always be a city that looks towards the past and the future in equal measure. From 'Rule Britannia' to 'Cool Britannia', the fabric and the skyline of this city is forever turning over a new page. Which is, after all, what every great story should do.